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Child characteristics related to improvement in language performance of children with DLD of 4-6 years Gerda Bruinsma¹, Frank Wijnen², Ellen Gerrits^{1,2}

Introduction

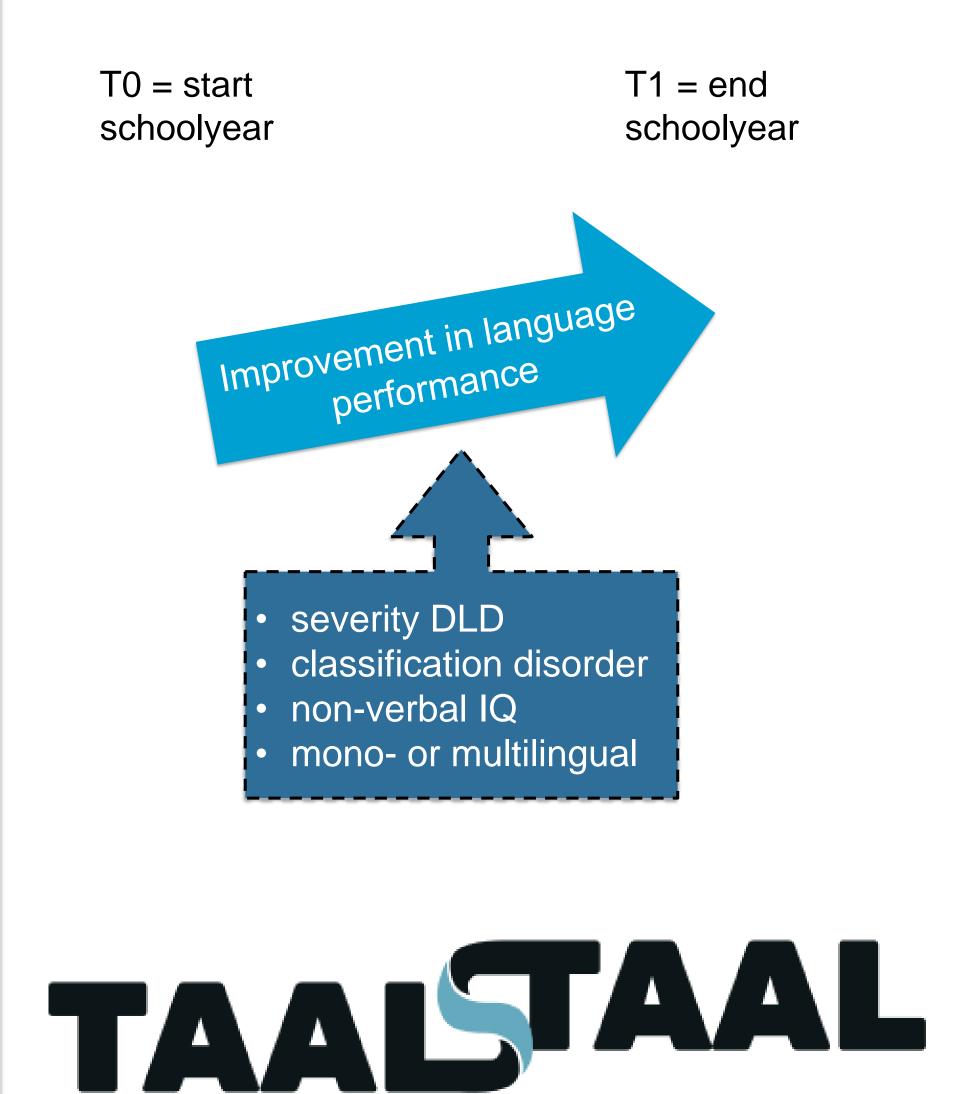
There is a paucity of information on the effects of special education provisions on the language skills of children with DLD. Specifically, it is unclear

- 1. if (and how) school-based intervention impacts various language domains
- to what extent child characteristics modulate outcomes

Method

We traced the trajectory of 154 children with DLD at 18 schools for special education that provide systematic language-oriented interventions.

Mean age 4;10 at the start of the study; range 3;11 – 5;7 yrs



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No differences in improvement between: Children with receptiveexpressive disorders and expressive disorders Children with low and high IQs Mono- and multilingual children

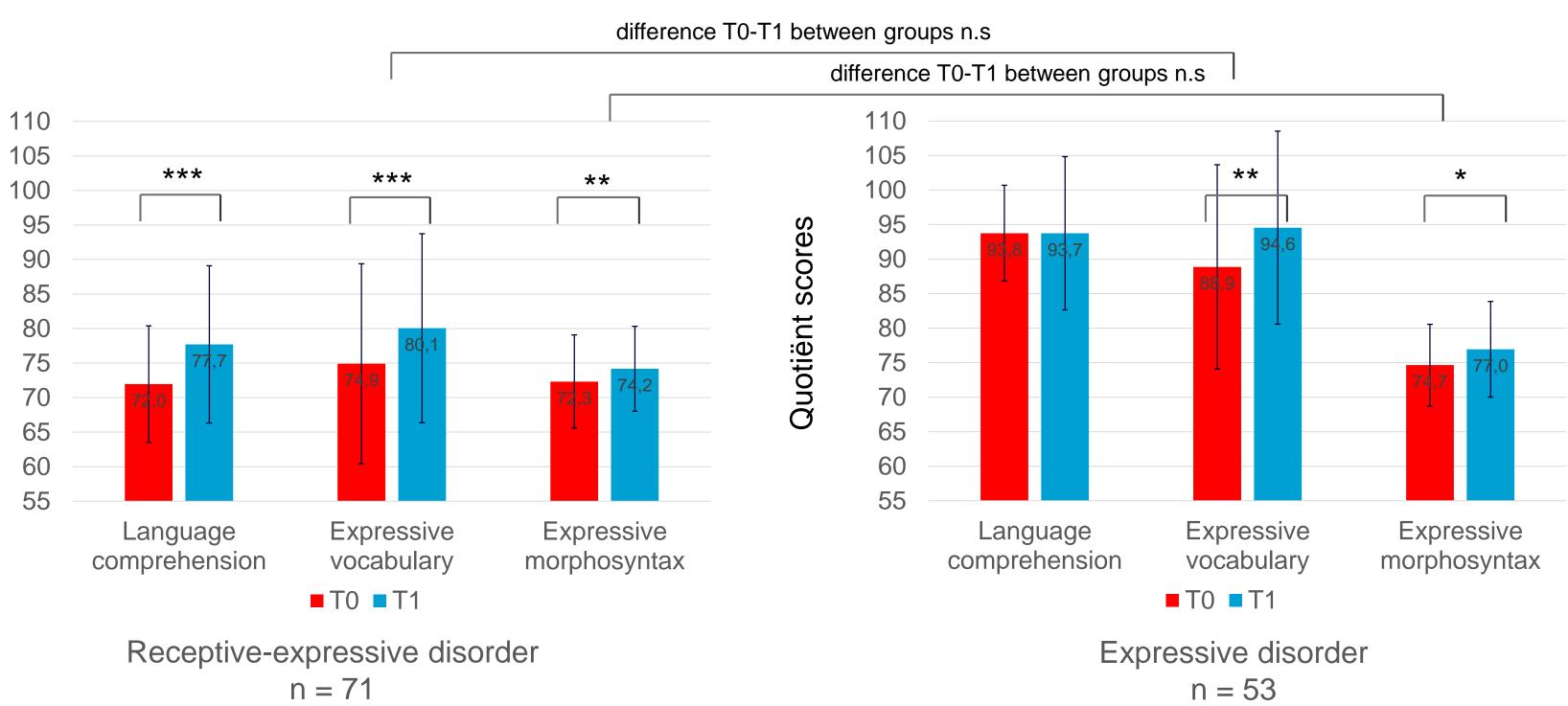
Intervention is important for all children with DLD.

Children with DLD in special education show improvement in language performance.

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Results

Scores on standardized tests for different language domains of children with receptiveexpressive disorders and expressive disorders



* p < 0.05; ** p < 0.01; *** p < 0.001; error bar = 1 SD

Correlations of improvement (difference scores between T0 and T1) with non-verbal IQ and severity of the disorder (scores at T0)

		LC T1-T0	EV T1-T0	EM T1-T0
Nonverbal IQ	Pearson Correlation	0.042	0.058	0.061
	Ν	126	130	127
LC TO	Pearson Correlation	-,317***	0.055	0.035
	Ν	130	128	126
EV TO	Pearson Correlation	0.094	-,420 ^{***}	0.002
	Ν	129	134	130
EM TO	Pearson Correlation	0.087	-0.098	-,446 ^{***}
	Ν	127	130	131

LC = language comprehension; EV = expressive vocabulary; EM = expressieve morphosyntax*** p < 0.001

Quotient scores on T0 and improvement of mono- and multilingual children

		LC T0		E	EV T0		EM TO	
	Ν	Μ	(SD)	Μ	(SD)	Μ	(SD)	
Monolingual	109	83.7***	(12.73)	85.5**	* (14.66)	74.29	(7.62)	
Multilingual	32	72.5	(12.46)	68.5	(14.00)	71.78	(5.35)	
		LC	T1-T0	EV	T1-T0	EM 1	1-T0	
	Ν	Μ	(SD)	Μ	(SD)	Μ	(SD)	
Monolingual	97	3.3	(9.53)	4.1	(11.96)	1.99	(5.78)	
		4.3	(9.55)	7.7	(11.20)	2.87	(6.46)	



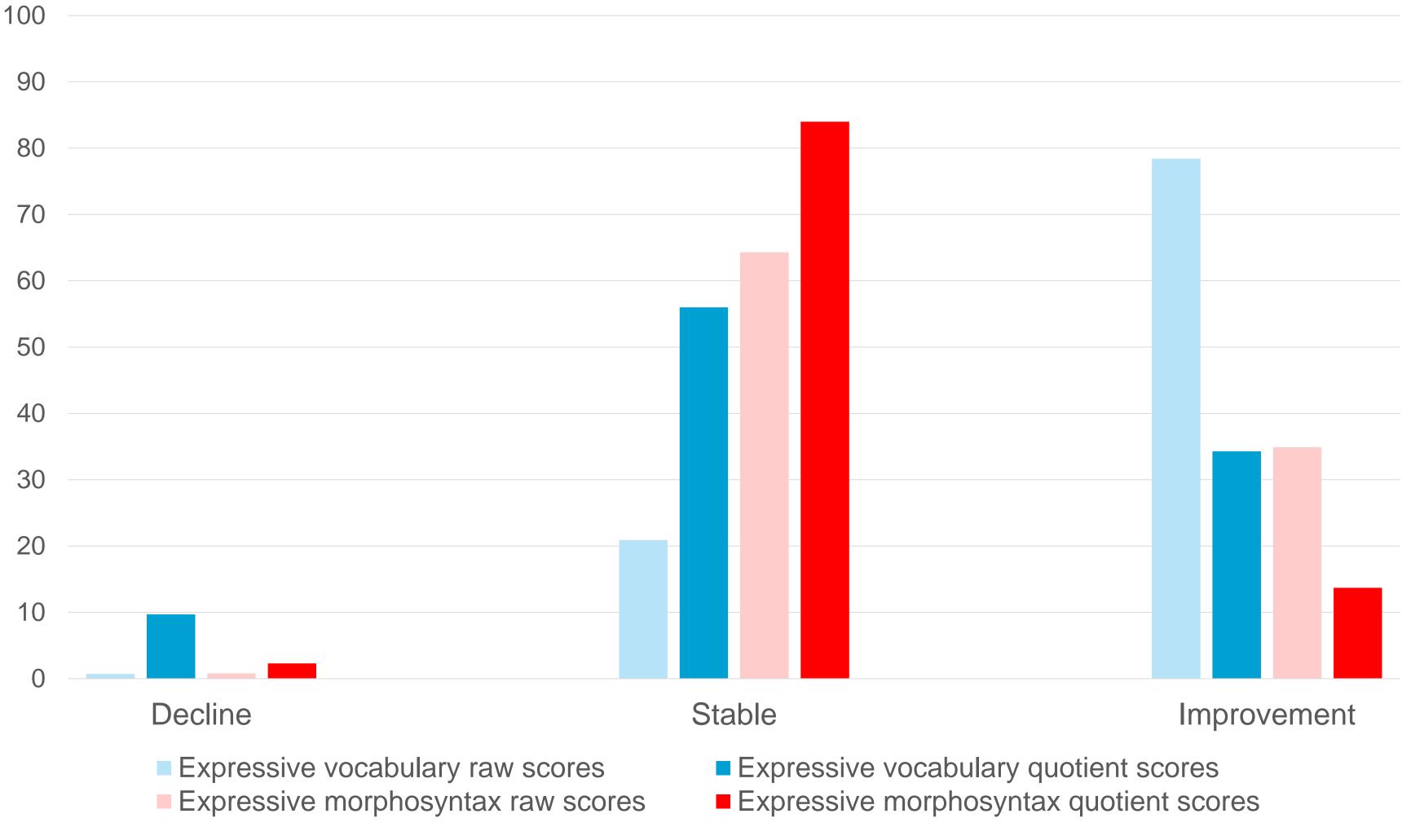








Scores on expressive language tests: % decline – stable – improvement from T0-T1



Decline: difference between T0 and T1 \leq -0.5 SD Stable: -0.5SD < difference between T0 and T1 < 0.5 SD Improvement: difference between T0 and T1 \ge 0.5 SD

Shift from scores below mean on T0 to mean on T1

		Quotient scores < 85 on T0	Quotient s on	
	Ν	n	n	%
Language comprehension	130	77	19	24.7
Receptive vocabulary	126	29	10	34.5
Expressive vocabulary	134	69	23	33.3
Expressive morphosyntax	131	123	8	6.5



Improvement in language performance

Quotient scores on expressive language tests on T0 and T1



^a Using pooled SDs of T0 and T1 *** p < 0.001

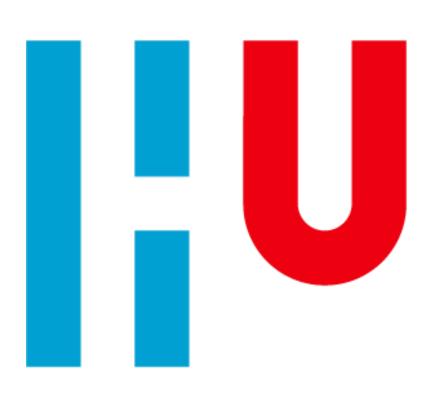
Quotient scores on T0 and T1 and effect sizes for receptive-expressive and expressive language disorder



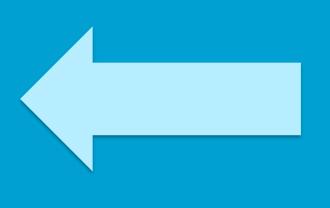
^a Using pooled SDs of T0 and T1

		Ν	Μ	SD	Min	Max	> 0.5 SD improvement	Effect size d ^a
ocabulary	Т0	132	81.6	15.94	55	123		
	T1		85.6***	15.19	55	130	29%	0.32
orphosyntax	Т0	131	73.5	6.48	58	98		
	T1		75.4***	6.57	64	99	12%	0.32

		Ν	Mean T0	St. Dev.	Mean T1	St. Dev.	Effect size d ^a
nprehension	Receptive-expressive disorder	77	71.96	8.44	77.71***	11.39	0.58
	Expressive disorder	53	93.75	6.94	93.74	11.11	n/a
cabulary	Receptive-expressive disorder	70	86.79	13.21	88.99	12.69	0.17
	Expressive disorder	52	100.08	11.38	99.27	11.61	n/a
ocabulary	Receptive-expressive disorder	75	74.91	14.47	80.05***	13.68	0.37
	Expressive disorder	53	88.87	14.80	94.55**	13.40	0.39
orphosyntax	Receptive-expressive disorder	71	72.32	6.76	74.18**	6.14	0.29
	Expressive disorder	55	74.65	5.91	76.95*	6.93	0.36

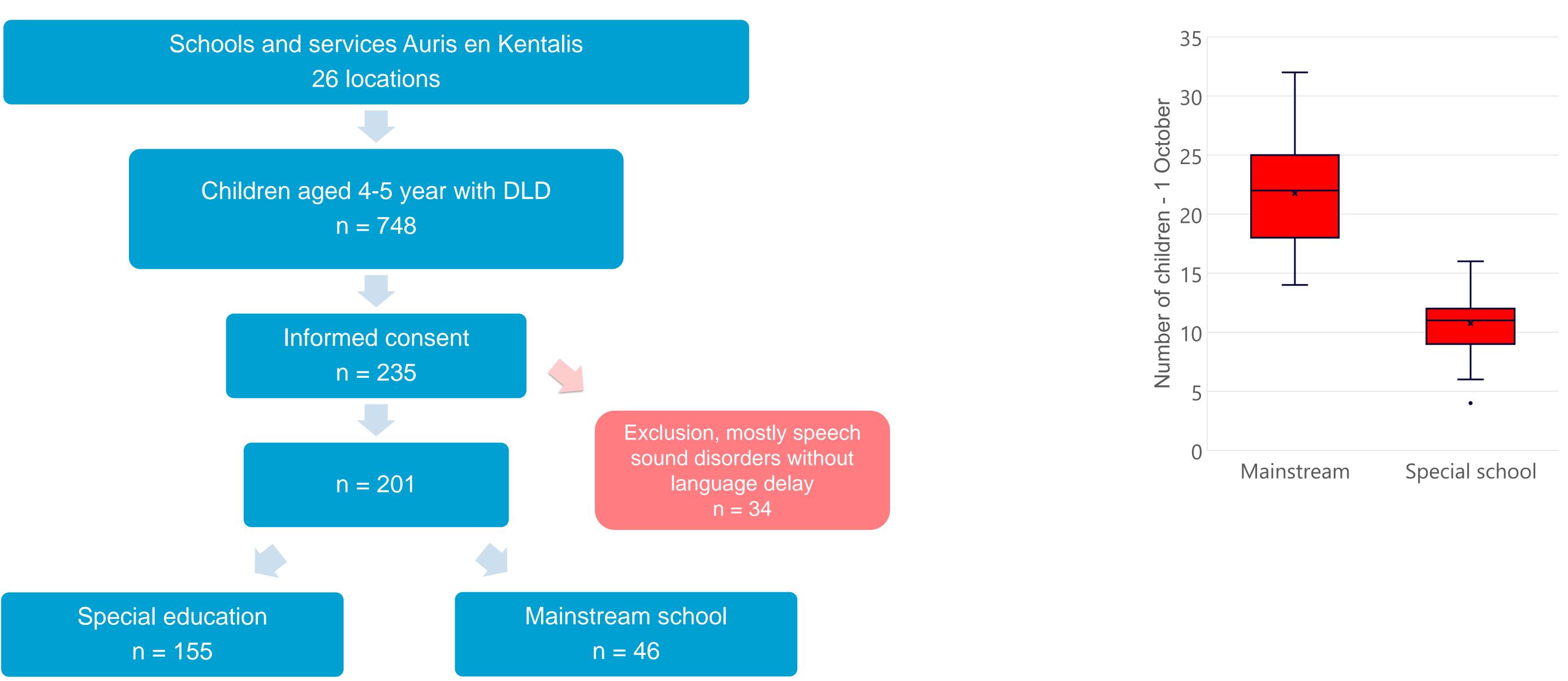


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Characteristics schools and therapy

Recruitment process and sample overview



Age at start of study						
Mean	Minimum	Maximum				
4;11 jaar	3;11 jaar	5;8 jaar				

Language scores and non-verbal IQ of children on specials schools and mainstream schools

	Composi (LC – E	te languag EV – EMS)		Composi	te differer T1 – T0	nce score	N	on-verbal	IQ
	n	Mean	SD	n	Mean	SD	n	Mean	SD
Special school	133	79.2	10.57	117	3.1	5.19	149	99	12.5
Mainstream school	23	83.1	11.80	15	4.4	2.54	44	103	14.9
Significance		n.s.			n.s.			n.s.	



Boys	Girls
n = 141	n = 60

^a Composite score of standardized tests:

• Schlichting language comprehension (LC)

Schlichting expressive vocabulary (EV)

• Schlichting expressive morphosyntax (EM)

Number of children in classroom

Speech and language therapy – service delivery

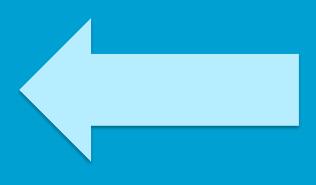
	Special education – SLT at school (n = 133) Number of children receiving these sessions						
Number of minutes	Individual	2-4 children	5-9 children				
10	17	2	0				
15	56	8	5				
20	111	53	7				
25	51	38	9				
30	48	55	(29)				
35	1	0	5				
40	2	1	1				
45	1	0	0				
75	2	0	0				

	Mainstream – SLT in private practice (n = 46) Number of children receiving these sessions					
Number of minutes	Individual	2-4 children	5-9 children			
30	46	0	0			

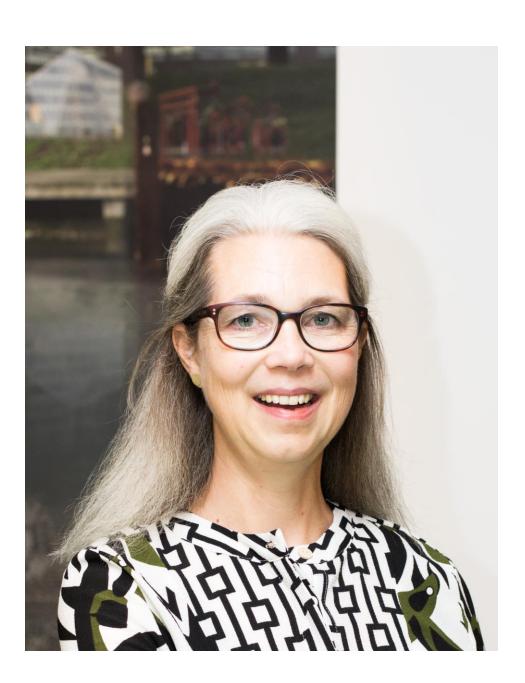
Speech and language therapy in special schools – minutes per week

	Individual (n = 130)	Group (n = 96)	Total (n = 133)
Mean	24	25	42
Median	23	13	31
St. dev.	10	29	28
Minimum	5	1	17
Maximum	68	147	176

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Gerda Bruinsma

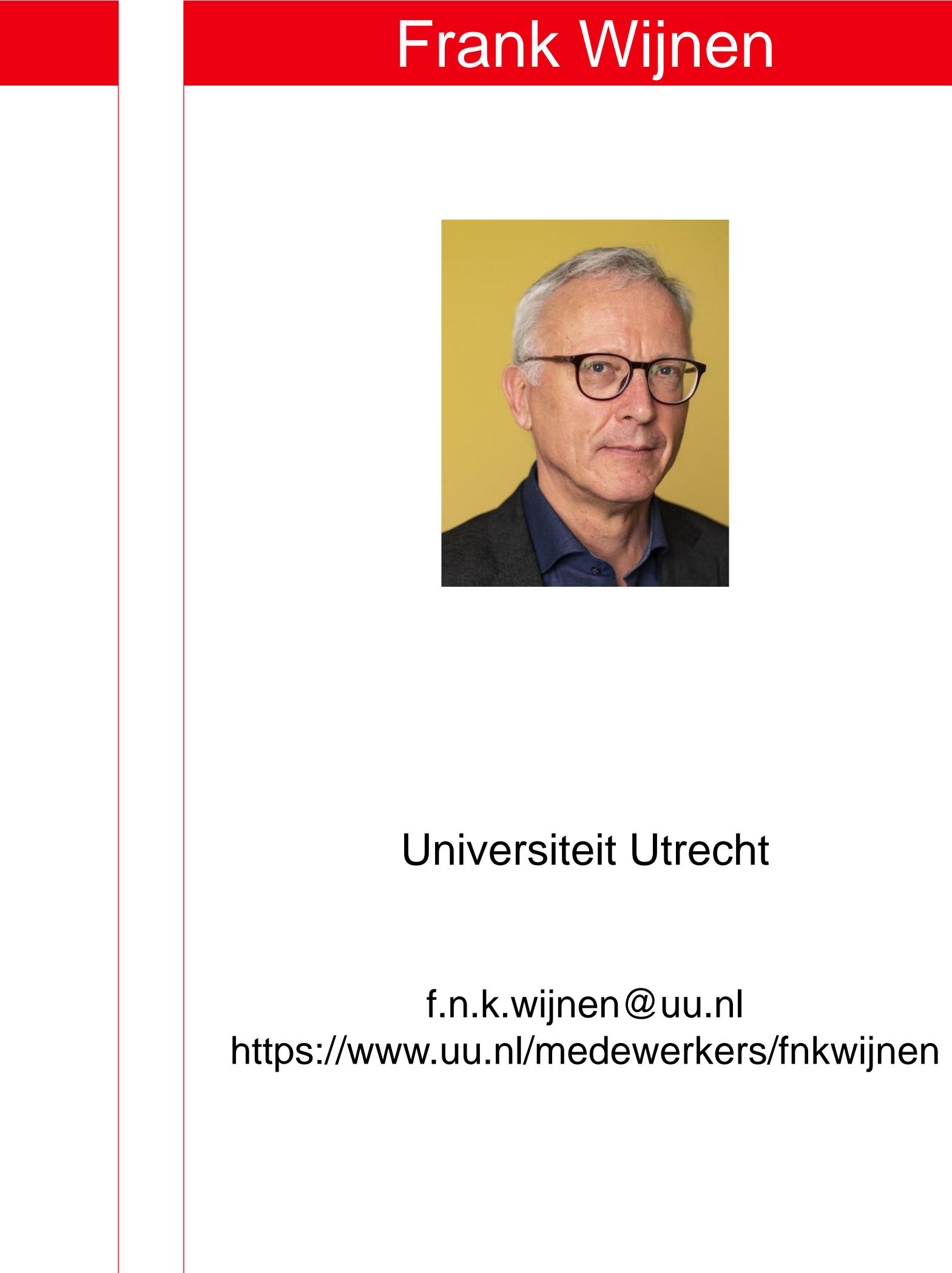


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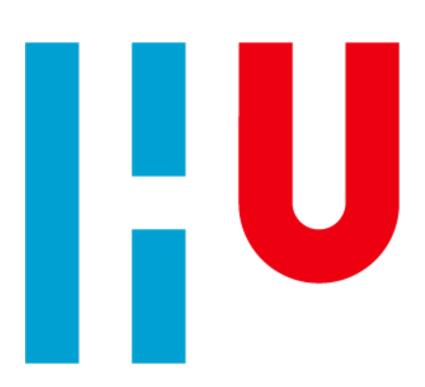


Over de auteurs





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